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Data Acquisition Systems - Reed Relays

Reed Relays Maintain Data Signal Integrity



Introduction

Throughout the industrial world, data acquisition and scanning instruments are used to scan and acquire data from various data collection sensors. These may be in the form of thermocouples, pressure transducers, and an assortment of other types of transducers. For a given requirement, there could be 100s of data points that need to be scanned for data and then stored or displayed. This data once gathered can then be graphed for trends, trip points, or alarm activation. In most cases, reed relays are desirable for the electrical scanning of the signals because generally, the transducers output very small voltages and currents. Maintaining signal integrity is critical for proper measurement.

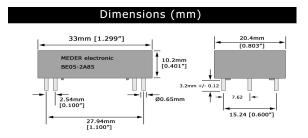


Figure 1. BE Physical layout

Features

- Ability to withstand up to 4000 volts across the contacts
- Ability to Switch up to 1000 Volts
- Dielectric strength of 5000 volts between switch to coil

- Contacts dynamically tested
- Capable of switching a billion operations at low level
- High quality and reliability
- Very small size
- Ability to switch up to 1 amp
- Insulation resistance > 10¹² Ohms
- Low offset voltage < 1µV

Applications

 Ideal for use in an assortment of industrial applications where data acquisition and scanning are necessary.

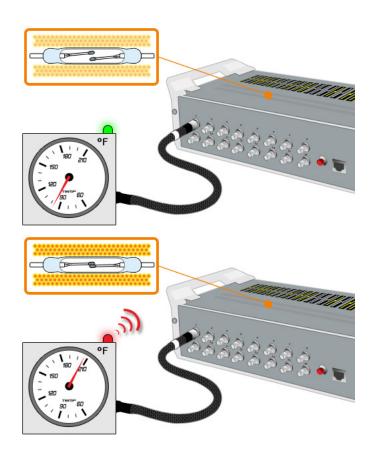


Figure 2. Reed Relays used in a data acquisition system sense when the temperature has reach a high point and signals an alarm.



Reed Relays - a Reliable Approach in Acquiring Data in an Industrial Environment

Gathering data in industrial environments can be a harrowing experience. Transducers like thermocouples, output very small voltages, and many times are located in remote areas. This in itself in a major undertaking to get these small signals back to the main system where it can be amplified, stored and/or displayed. The long cables will have a distributed capacitance to deal with, and potential common mode voltages may be present. To further make things difficult, there are normally several such lines all coming back to one system, where the incoming data needs to be scanned and stored. Having a switching device that can deal with high parasitic capacitance and potential common mode voltages, while maintaining signal integrity is no easy undertaking.

| Specifications (@ 20°C) BE Series | | | | | | | |
|---|------|-----|------|-------|--|--|--|
| | Min | Тур | Max | Units | | | |
| Coil Characteristics* | | | | | | | |
| Coil resistance | 45 | 50 | 55 | Ohms | | | |
| Coil voltage | | 5 | | Volts | | | |
| Pull-In max. | | | 3.3 | Volts | | | |
| Drop-Out min. | 0.65 | | | Volts | | | |
| Load characteristics | | | | | | | |
| Contact rating | | | 100 | Watts | | | |
| Switching voltage | 0 | | 1000 | Volts | | | |
| Switching current | 0 | | 1.0 | Amps | | | |
| Carry current | 0 | | 2.5 | Amps | | | |
| Max carry current for 5 Ms | | | 5.0 | Amps | | | |
| DC contact resistance | | | 150 | mΩ | | | |
| Dynamic contact resistance | | | 200 | mΩ | | | |
| Breakdown voltage | 3000 | | | Volts | | | |
| Operate time | | | 1.0 | msec | | | |
| Release time | | | 100 | µsec | | | |
| Operate temp | -20 | | 70 | °C | | | |
| Storage temp | -40 | | 85 | °C | | | |
| *Coil parameters will vary by 0.2% / 1 °C | | | | | | | |

Electromechanical relays are notorious for building up films on their contacts and then make it impossible to switch small signals. Semiconductor switching components generally have high output capacitance that can swamp out the signal that you are trying to detect. The signals are ultra small currents in the range of pico amps ($< 1 \times 10^{-12}$ amps), and/or very small voltages in the micro or nano volt range ($< 1 \times 10^{-6}$ or 10^{-9} volts).

Reed Relay's with only 0.2 pico-farads across the open contacts offer that ability to maintain signal integrity. Standex-Meder's reed relays offer an assortment of reed relays with voltage offset less than one microvolt. Their ability to switch millions of operations containing stray capacitance and/or common mode voltages make them the ideal switching source for small signal scanning systems.

Some of Standex-Meder's designs are capable of withstanding 4000 Volts minimum across the open contacts. The contacts can also switch up to 1000 volts as well. This supplies plenty of safety factor for common mode voltages ever being coupled back to the scanning system. EX-i and intrinsically safe reed relays are also available. Standex-Meder's reed relays use hermetically sealed reed switches that are further packaged in strong, high strength plastic, and can therefore be subject to various environments without any loss of reliability. Because the contacts are hermetically sealed they are fundamentally safe for use in dusty, potentially explosive atmospheres. The reed relay is an excellent choice because it can operate reliably over a wide temperature range, and represents an economical way to carry out billions of switching operations at low level.



| | Thr | ough Ho | le Reed R | elay Series |
|--------|-------|---------------|-----------|--|
| | Dimer | nstions mm | inches | Illustration |
| Series | | | | |
| BE | W | 10 | 0.394 | the state of the s |
| | L | 10 | 0.394 | V/DE |
| | Н | 33 | 1.299 | |
| MS | W | 3.8 | 0.150 | |
| | L | 6.80 | 0.268 | MEDICA MINESTONIA MODIS-FAR7-728-NR |
| | Н | 15.20 | 0.598 | |
| SIL | W | 5.08 | 0.200 | <u>.</u> |
| | L | 7.80 | 0.307 | - |
| | Н | 19.80 | 0.780 | |

| | Surface Mount Reed Relay Series | | | | | | | |
|--------|---------------------------------|---------------|--------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Dimer | nstions mm | inches | Illustration | | | | |
| Series | | | | | | | | |
| SRF | W | 4.00 | 0.157 | | | | | |
| | Н | 3.20 | 0.126 | | | | | |
| | L | 7.50 | 0.295 | 1 11020 | | | | |
| CRF | W | 4.4 | 0.173 | | | | | |
| | Н | 3.5 | 0.137 | | | | | |
| | L | 8.6 | 0.338 | | | | | |
| | | | - | | | | | |

Find out more about our ability to propel your business with our products by visiting www.standexmeder.com or by giving us a hello@standexelectronics.com today! One of our brilliant engineers or solution selling sales leaders will listen to you immediately.



About Standex-Meder Electronics

Standex-Meder Electronics is a worldwide market leader in the design, development and manufacture of standard and custom electro-magnetic components, including magnetics products and reed switch-based solutions.

Our magnetic offerings include planar, Rogowski, current, and low- and high-frequency transformers and inductors. Our reed switch-based solutions include Meder, Standex and OKI brand reed switches, as well as a complete portfolio of reed relays, and a comprehensive array of fluid level, proximity, motion, water flow, HVAC condensate, hydraulic pressure differential, capacitive, conductive and inductive sensors.

We offer engineered product solutions for a broad spectrum of product applications in the automotive, medical, test and measurement, military and aerospace, as well as appliance and general industrial markets.

Standex-Meder Electronics has a commitment to absolute customer satisfaction and customer-driven innovation, with a global organization that offers sales support, engineering capabilities, and technical resources worldwide.

Headquartered in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA, Standex-Meder Electronics has eight manufacturing facilities in six countries, located in the United States, Germany, China, Mexico, the United Kingdom, and Canada.

For more information on Standex-Meder Electronics, please visitus on the web at www.standexmeder.com.

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